

EU ROMA STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK FOR EQUALITY, INCLUSION AND PARTICIPATION



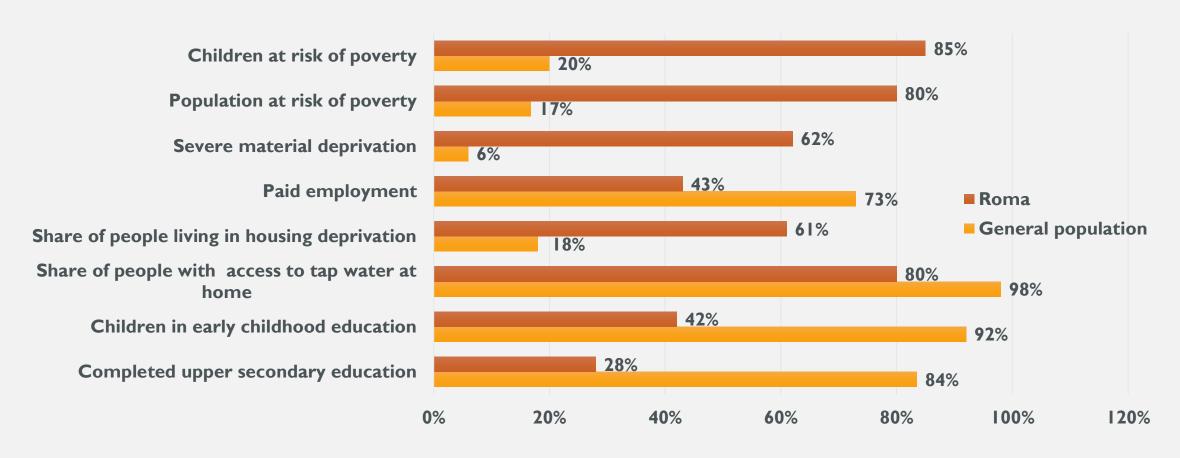
OVERVIEW

- Facts and figures about social determinants of Roma health
- Impact of COVID-19 on the Roma communities
- EU 2030 objectives and targets
- Council Recommendation for Roma equality, inclusion and participation
- Summary of novelties



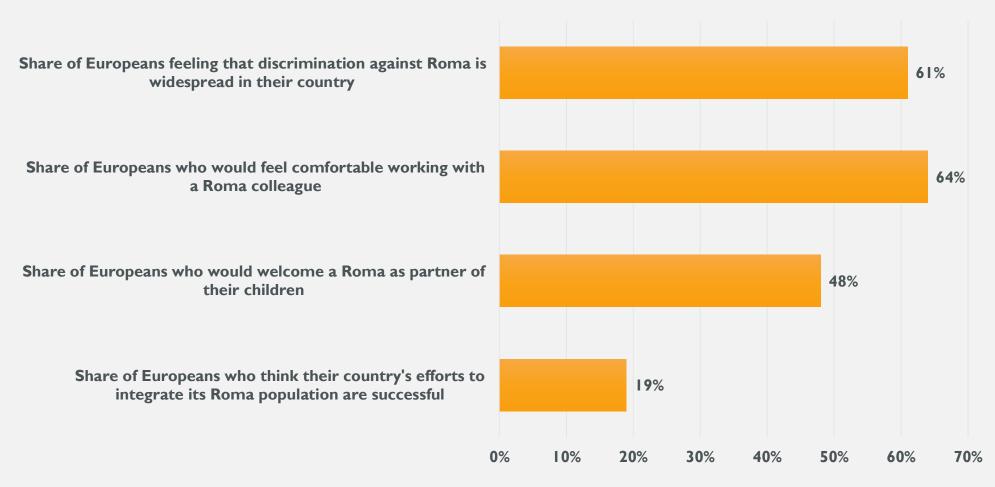


SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC EXCLUSION AS SOCIAL DETERMINANT OF HEALTH



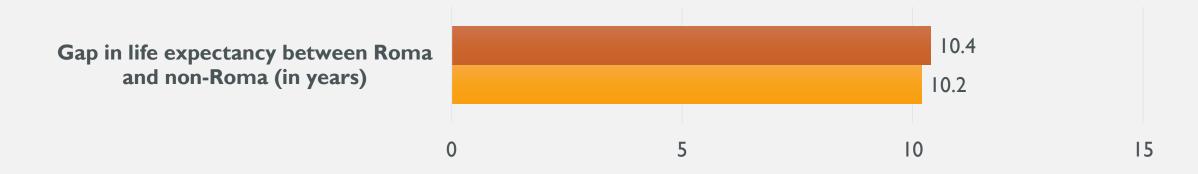


PERCEPTIONS ABOUT ROMA





GAP IN LIFE EXPECTANCY







IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC CRISIS

- Marginalised Roma are among the hardest hit
- Particular vulnerability due to:
 - overcrowded housing
 - lack of access to clean water
 - Sanitation
 - economic precariousness
- Risk of further slide into inequality





TOWARDS 2030 - OBJECTIVES & TARGETS



THREE-PILLAR APPROACH

EU Framework up to 2020

New EU Roma Strategic Framework

Socio-economic integration of marginalised Roma

Equality

Inclusion

Participation



SEVEN OBJECTIVES

Fighting and preventing antigypsyism and discrimination

Reducing poverty and exclusion to close the socio-economic gap

Promoting participation through empowerment, participation and trust

Better access to mainstream education

Better access to sustainable employment

Better health and access to healthcare

Better access to desegregated housing



2030 EU TARGETS - EXAMPLES

Cutting the proportion of Roma experiencing discrimination by at least half

Reducing the poverty gap by at least half

Ensuring that at least 95% of Roma have access to tap water

Cutting the life expectancy gap by at least half

Reduce the gap in housing deprivation by at least one third

Cutting the gap in participation in early childhood education by at least half

Cutting the gender employment gap by at least half



COM PROPOSAL FOR COUNCIL RECOMMENDATION - EXAMPLES

- combat and prevent potential outbreaks in marginalised or remote Roma localities
- promote access to medical studies for Roma people and encourage recruitment of Roma as health practitioners and mediators, particularly in regions with a significant Roma population

 fight digital exclusion of Roma in access to healthcare services

 prevent and eliminate segregated healthcare services and ensure recognition of and reparation for past injustices, including the forced sterilisation of Roma women equal access without barriers to quality healthcare services, especially for those groups that are most at risk or those living in marginalised or remote localities





IN CONCLUSION - WHAT IS NEW?

- Stronger focus on diversity among Roma: specific needs of women, youth, children, older Roma, LGBTI, EU mobile citizens, stateless, those living with disabilities
- Reaching out to all Roma (not only the marginalised), and to society at large
- Stronger focus on combining mainstreaming Roma inclusion across policy areas with targeted measures supporting effective equal access to rights and services
- Differentiated approach among Member States within a common framework using EU headlines and indicators



COMPONENTS OF THE PACKAGE

- Communication with two annexes:
 - Guidance for national strategies
 - Portfolio of indicators

- Draft Council Recommendation with guidance for concrete measures to achieve EU objectives and targets
- Staff Working Document outlining the methodological, analytical and contextual basis of the proposal



THE WAY FORWARD

- A ten-year timeframe until 2030, recognising that tackling discrimination and exclusion requires long-term commitments.
- Member States are asked to submit their national strategies by September 2021 and report on their implementation every two years.
- The Commission will also take surveys from FRA and coordinated civil society reporting under the new Roma Civil Monitor EP Preparatory Action into account.
- The framework will be subject to an in-depth mid-term evaluation, as well as to an ex-post evaluation after the completion of the ten-year timeframe.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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